



CarbonGuru



Greenhouse Gas Protocol Report for The University of Edinburgh

Assessment Period: August 2010 - July 2011

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Assessment Details

Consolidation Approach

Operational Control

Organisational Boundaries

Operations of The University of Edinburgh

Included

- Academic estate
- Accommodation

Operational Boundary

- Electricity
- Fuel oil
- Incinerated waste
- Landfilled waste
- Natural gas
- Other fuel(s)
- Composted waste
- Electricity
- Recycled waste
- Vans
- Water supply
- Water treatment

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Introduction

A greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions assessment quantifies the total greenhouse gases produced directly and indirectly from a business or organisation's activities. Also known as a carbon footprint, it is an essential tool, providing your business with a basis for understanding and managing its climate change impacts.

A GHG assessment quantifies all seven Kyoto greenhouse gases where applicable and is measured in units of carbon dioxide equivalence, or CO₂e¹. The seven Kyoto gases are carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), nitrous oxide (N₂O), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), nitrogen trifluoride (NF₃), sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) and perfluorocarbons (PFCs). The global warming potential (GWP) of each gas is illustrated in the Table 1.

Table 1. GWP of Kyoto Gases (IPCC 2007)

Greenhouse Gas	GWP
Carbon dioxide (CO ₂)	1
Methane (CH ₄)	25
Nitrous oxide (N ₂ O)	298
Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)	124 - 14,800
Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)	7,390 - 12,200
Nitrogen trifluoride (NF ₃)	17,200
Sulphur hexafluoride (SF ₆)	22,800

This assessment has been carried out in accordance with the World Business Council for Sustainable Development and World Resources Institute's (WBCSD/WRI) Greenhouse Gas Protocol; a Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard. This protocol is considered current best practice for corporate or organisational greenhouse gas emissions reporting. GHG emissions have been reported by the three WBCSD/WRI Scopes.

Scope 1 includes direct GHG emissions from sources that are owned or controlled by the company such as natural gas combustion and company owned vehicles. Scope 2 accounts for GHG emissions from the generation of purchased electricity, heat and steam generated off-site. Scope 3 includes all other indirect emissions such as waste disposal, business travel and staff commuting. Reporting of these activities is optional under the WBCSD/WRI GHG Protocol, but as they can contribute a significant portion of overall emissions Ecometrica recommends they are reported where applicable.

A GHG assessment is an essential tool in the process of monitoring and reducing an organisation's climate change impact as it allows reduction targets to be set and action plans formulated. GHG assessment results can also allow organisations to be transparent about their climate change impacts through reporting of GHG emissions to customers, shareholders, employees and other stakeholders. Regular assessments allow clients to track their progress in achieving reductions over time and provide evidence to support green claims in external marketing initiatives such as product labelling or CSR reporting. Ecometrica GHG assessments are designed to be transparent, consistent and repeatable over time.

¹ Carbon dioxide equivalent or CO₂e is a term for describing different greenhouse gases in a common unit. For any quantity and type of greenhouse gas, CO₂e signifies the amount of CO₂ which would have the equivalent global warming impact.

Data Quality and Availability

In order to provide the most accurate estimate of an organisation's GHG emissions, primary (actual) data should be used where it is available, up to date and geographically relevant. Secondary data in the form of estimates, extrapolations and industry averages may be used when primary data is not available. Table 2 details the quality of data submitted for this assessment with the key assumptions used stated below.

Data Quality Overview



Accuracy Overview		tCO ₂ e/year	%
Actual		89,072	99.3
Estimated		672	0.749
	Total	89,745	100

Table 2. Data Quality and Availability

Source of emissions	Data quality
Company-Owned Vehicles	
Fuel oil	Complete
Other fuel(s)	Mixed
Vans	Complete
Premises	
Natural gas	Complete
Water supply	Complete
Other fuel(s)	Complete
Electricity	Complete
Water treatment	Estimated
Fuel oil	Complete
Electricity	Complete
Waste	
Recycled waste	Mixed
Incinerated waste	Mixed
Landfilled waste	Mixed
Composted waste	Complete

Assessment Summary for The University of Edinburgh

Gross Overall Emissions: 89,745 tCO₂e

Key Performance Indicators

Absolute GHG emissions will vary over time and often correspond to the expansion or contraction of an organisation. It is useful therefore to use reporting metrics that take these effects into account and monitor relative GHG emissions intensity. A common emissions intensity metric is tonnes of CO₂e per full time equivalent. This has been calculated, along with other relevant metrics, in the table below:

Data	KPI
28,974 Number of students	3.1 tCO ₂ e per Student
785,000 Floor area (square metres)	0.114 tCO ₂ e per Floor area (square metres)
677,000 Thousand GBP Revenue (£)	0.133 tCO ₂ e per Thousand GBP Revenue (£)
7,828 Full Time Equivalent Employees	11.5 tCO ₂ e per Full Time Equivalent Employee

Summary by Activity (tCO₂e)



By Activity	tCO ₂ e/year	%
Premises	88,805	99
Company-Owned Vehicles	369	0.411
Waste	571	0.636
Total	89,745	100

Summary by WBCSD/WRI Scope (tCO₂e)



Scope	tCO ₂ e/year	%
Scope 1	45,507	50.7
Scope 2	39,758	44.3
Scope 3	4,480	4.99
Total	89,745	100

Summary by Greenhouse Gas

Greenhouse Gas	GWP	tGHG/year	tCO ₂ e/year
CO ₂	1	87,970	87,970
CH ₄	25	24.2	606
N ₂ O	298	1.18	353
Biogenic CH ₄	24	1.11	26.7
CO ₂ e	1	789	789

Total

89,745

Detailed Results

Detailed Summary by WBCSD/WRI Scope

Source of Emissions	tCO ₂ /yr	tCH ₄ /yr	tN ₂ O/yr	Total Emissions (tCO ₂ e/yr)	%
Scope 1 Total	45,353	3.15	0.251	45,507	50.7%
Company-Owned Vehicles Total	366	0.00874	0.00971	369	0.411%
Fuel oil	4.39	2.27e-4	0.00148	4.84	0.00539%
Other fuel(s)	360	0.0085	0.00821	363	0.405%
Vans	0.786	9.59e-6	1.75e-5	0.792	8.82e-4%
Premises Total	44,988	3.14	0.242	45,138	50.3%
Fuel oil	458	0.0237	0.155	505	0.563%
Natural gas	44,336	3.11	0.0859	44,439	49.5%
Other fuel(s)	194	0.0062	9.65e-4	194	0.216%
Scope 2 Total	39,501	0.895	0.788	39,758	44.3%
Premises Total	39,501	0.895	0.788	39,758	44.3%
Electricity	39,501	0.895	0.788	39,758	44.3%
Scope 3 Total	3,116	20.2	0.144	4,480	4.99%
Premises Total	3,100	0.0779	0.0606	3,909	4.36%
Electricity: Electricity - transmission & distribution losses	2,649	0.0665	0.0518	2,666	2.97%
Electricity: Electricity - transmission & distribution losses (carbon masters standard)	451	0.0113	0.00881	453	0.505%
Water supply	0	0	0	267	0.297%
Water treatment	0	0	0	522	0.582%
Waste Total	16.6	20.1	0.0833	571	0.636%
Composted waste	0	0	0.0833	51.5	0.0574%
Incinerated waste	16.6	0	0	16.6	0.0185%
Landfilled waste	0	20.1	0	503	0.56%
Recycled waste	0	0	0	0	0%
Total	87,970	24.2	1.18	89,745	100%

Summary by Company Unit

Company Unit	tCO ₂ e/year	FTE	tCO ₂ e/FTE
The University of Edinburgh	89,745	7,828	11.5
Academic estate	78,956	-	-
Accommodation	10,788	-	-

Annual Activity Data

Source of Emissions	Value	Unit
Company-Owned Vehicles		
Fuel oil		
Distillate fuel oil	1,586	l
Other fuel(s)		
Diesel, retail station biofuel blend	137,773	l
Petrol, retail station biofuel blend	3,897	l
Vans		
Medium diesel van	2,172	mi
Premises		
Electricity		
Electricity consumption	81,744,520	kWh
Fuel oil		
Distillate fuel oil	165,696	l
Natural gas		
Natural gas consumption	241,979,817	kWh
Other fuel(s)		
LPG	130,097	l
Water supply		
Water supply	785,133	m3
Water treatment		
Water treatment (Europe)	745,877	m3
Waste		
Composted waste		
Composted waste	278	tonne
Incinerated waste		
Waste, incinerated (heat recovery), MSW	16.2	tonne
Waste, incinerated (no heat recovery), MSW	73.3	tonne
Landfilled waste		
Waste, landfilled, MSW	906	tonne
Recycled waste		
Waste, recycled	1,614	tonne

References

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Defra/DECC (2011). Guidelines to Defra/DECC's GHG conversion factors for company reporting. Department of Environment Food and Rural Affairs/Department for Energy and Climate Change, London.

IPCC (2006). Revised IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories: Reference Manual. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

IPCC 2006. IPCC Guidelines for National GHG Inventories Smith et al 2001. Waste management options and climate change

Smith, A., K. Brown, S. Ogilvie, K. Rushton, and J. Bates, 2001: Waste management options and climate change. Final Report ED21158R4.1 to the European Commission, DG Environment, AEA Technology, Oxfordshire.

Assessment Summary for Academic estate

Gross Overall Emissions: 78,956 tCO₂e

Key Performance Indicators

Absolute GHG emissions will vary over time and often correspond to the expansion or contraction of an organisation. It is useful therefore to use reporting metrics that take these effects into account and monitor relative GHG emissions intensity. A common emissions intensity metric is tonnes of CO₂e per full time equivalent. This has been calculated, along with other relevant metrics, in the table below:

Data	KPI
610,453 Floor area (square metres)	0.129 tCO ₂ e per Floor area (square metres)

Summary by Activity (tCO₂e)



By Activity	tCO ₂ e/year	%
Premises	78,194	99
Company-Owned Vehicles	328	0.416
Waste	434	0.55
Total	78,956	100

Summary by WBCSD/WRI Scope (tCO₂e)



Scope	tCO ₂ e/year	%
Scope 1	41,221	52.2
Scope 2	33,980	43
Scope 3	3,756	4.76
Total	78,956	100

Summary by Greenhouse Gas

Greenhouse Gas	GWP	tGHG/year	tCO ₂ e/year
CO ₂	1	77,509	77,509
CH ₄	25	18.3	458
N ₂ O	298	1.03	307
Biogenic CH ₄	24	1.11	26.7
CO ₂ e	1	655	655
Total		Total	78,956

Assessment Summary for Accommodation

Gross Overall Emissions: 10,788 tCO₂e

Summary by Activity (tCO₂e)



By Activity	tCO ₂ e/year	%
Premises	10,611	98.4
Company-Owned Vehicles	40.4	0.374
Waste	137	1.27
Total	10,788	100

Summary by WBCSD/WRI Scope (tCO₂e)



Scope	tCO ₂ e/year	%
Scope 1	4,286	39.7
Scope 2	5,778	53.6
Scope 3	724	6.71
Total	10,788	100

Summary by Greenhouse Gas

Greenhouse Gas	GWP	tGHG/year	tCO ₂ e/year
CO ₂	1	10,461	10,461
CH ₄	25	5.9	147
N ₂ O	298	0.154	45.9
CO ₂ e	1	134	134
Total		10,788	10,788